

09/554, 772

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FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 12:14:31 ON 24 AUG 2006

=> file biosis medline caplus wpids uspatfull
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*** YOU HAVE NEW MAIL ***

=> s chlamydia and platelet aggrega?

L1 220 CHLAMYDIA AND PLATELET AGGREGA?

=> s l1 and chamydia pneum? and ketolide

L2 0 L1 AND CHAMYDIA PNEUM? AND KETOLIDE

=> s l1 and chamydia pneum?

L3 0 L1 AND CHAMYDIA PNEUM?

=> s l1 and chlamydia pneum? and ketolid

L4 0 L1 AND CHLAMYDIA PNEUM? AND KETOLID

=>

<-----User Break----->

=> s l1 and chlamydia pneum?

L5 70 L1 AND CHLAMYDIA PNEUM?

=> s l5 and atheroscleros?

L6 57 L5 AND ATHEROSCLEROS?

=> s l6 and ketoli

L7 0 L6 AND KETOLI

=> s l6 and ketol?

L8 5 L6 AND KETOL?

=> dup rem 8

ENTER L# LIST OR (END):18

'8' IS NOT VALID. VALID FILE NAMES ARE 'CAPLUS, USPATFULL'

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=> d l8 bib abs 1-8

L8 ANSWER 1 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
 AN 2004:80343 CAPLUS
 DN 140:122836
 TI Use of 2,3-alkylcarbonyloxybenzoic acids, derivatives and analogues
 therefrom in the treatment of tissue and cellular dysfunction, damage and
 injury in mammals
 IN Stec, Karen; Rubinstein, Israel; Eiznhamer, David; Xu, Ze-qu; Flavin,
 Michael
 PA USA
 SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 6 pp.
 CODEN: USXXCO
 DT Patent
 LA English
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	US 2004019022	A1	20040129	US 2003-622302	20030718
	WO 2004010989	A1	20040205	WO 2003-US23644	20030718
	W:				
	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,				
	CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,				
	GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,				
	LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH,				
	PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ,				
	UA, UG, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
	RW:				
	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,				
	KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES,				
	FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR,				
	BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	AU 2003252178	A1	20040216	AU 2003-252178	20030718
	EP 1539132	A1	20050615	EP 2003-772019	20030718
	R:				
	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,				
	IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK				
PRAI	US 2002-398523P	P	20020725		
	WO 2003-US23644	W	20030718		

AB A method for the treatment of cellular and tissue damage is disclosed.
 The inventive method comprises the use of 2,3-alkylcarbonyloxybenzoic acid
 and salts thereof for the prevention and treatment of dysfunction, damage,
 and/or injuries to organs, tissues and/or cells in human or animal
 subjects caused by diseases, infections and conditions such as pneumonia,
 coronavirus, multiple transfusions, trauma, ischemic-reperfusion
 dysfunctions, stroke, drug overdose, and severe acute respiratory
 syndrome. The 2,3-alkylcarbonyloxybenzoic acid may be used alone or in
 combination with other therapeutic agents such as antibiotics. The acid
 may be administered in any practical delivery form, and in free acid or
 buffered form.

L8 ANSWER 2 OF 5 USPATFULL on STN
 AN 2005:165984 USPATFULL
 TI Regimen for the administration of rifamycin-class antibiotics
 IN Michaelis, Arthur F., Devon, PA, UNITED STATES
 Cabana, Bernard E., Montgomery Village, MD, UNITED STATES
 PI US 2005143409 A1 20050630
 AI US 2004-948608 A1 20040923 (10)
 PRAI US 2003-505855P 20030924 (60)
 DT Utility
 FS APPLICATION
 LREP CLARK & ELBING LLP, 101 FEDERAL STREET, BOSTON, MA, 02110, US
 CLMN Number of Claims: 45
 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
 DRWN No Drawings
 LN.CNT 1414
 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
 AB The invention features an ascending dose regimen for the administration
 of rifamycin-class antibiotics. The dosing regimen can be used to treat

bacterial infections and diseases related to infection.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L8 ANSWER 3 OF 5 USPATFULL on STN
AN 2005:143867 USPATFULL
TI Rifalazil formulations
IN Michaelis, Arthur F., Devon, PA, UNITED STATES
PI US 2005123602 A1 20050609
AI US 2004-950917 A1 20040927 (10)
PRAI US 2003-506107P 20030925 (60)
DT Utility
FS APPLICATION
LREP CLARK & ELBING LLP, 101 FEDERAL STREET, BOSTON, MA, 02110, US
CLMN Number of Claims: 28
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 3 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 1636

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention features pharmaceutical compositions including rifalazil and a micelle-forming excipient and methods of use thereof.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L8 ANSWER 4 OF 5 USPATFULL on STN
AN 2004:203948 USPATFULL
TI Rifalazil compositions and therapeutic regimens
IN Cabana, Bernard E., Montgomery Village, MD, UNITED STATES
Michaelis, Arthur F., Devon, PA, UNITED STATES
Magnant, Gary P., Topsfield, MA, UNITED STATES
Sayada, Chalom B., Luxembourg City, LUXEMBOURG
PI US 2004157840 A1 20040812
AI US 2003-668792 A1 20030923 (10)
PRAI US 2002-412958P 20020923 (60)
DT Utility
FS APPLICATION
LREP CLARK & ELBING LLP, 101 FEDERAL STREET, BOSTON, MA, 02110
CLMN Number of Claims: 51
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 7 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 1369

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention features low-dosage rifalazil compositions and therapeutic regimens which are useful for the treatment of bacterial infections.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L8 ANSWER 5 OF 5 USPATFULL on STN
AN 2004:45028 USPATFULL
TI Intravenous rifalazil formulation and methods of use thereof
IN Michaelis, Arthur F., Devon, PA, UNITED STATES
Sayada, Chalom, Luxembourg City, LUXEMBOURG
Cabana, Bernard E., Montgomery Village, MD, UNITED STATES
PI US 2004034021 A1 20040219
AI US 2003-453155 A1 20030603 (10)
PRAI US 2002-385532P 20020603 (60)
US 2002-406873P 20020829 (60)
US 2002-412958P 20020923 (60)
US 2003-444570P 20030203 (60)
DT Utility
FS APPLICATION
LREP CLARK & ELBING LLP, 101 FEDERAL STREET, BOSTON, MA, 02110
CLMN Number of Claims: 62
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 8 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 1942

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention features intravenous dosage formulations of rifalazil and methods of treating disease by intravenous administration of rifalazil.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

=> d hid

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DN 140:122836

TI Use of 2,3-alkylcarbonyloxybenzoic acids, derivatives and analogues therefrom in the treatment of tissue and cellular dysfunction, damage and injury in mammals

IN Stec, Karen; Rubinstein, Israel; Eiznhamer, David; Xu, Ze-qu; Flavin, Michael

PA USA

SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 6 pp.

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	RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	AU 2003252178	A1	20040216	AU 2003-252178	20030718
	EP 1539132	A1	20050615	EP 2003-772019	20030718
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK				
PRAI	US 2002-398523P	P	20020725		
	WO 2003-US23644	W	20030718		

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L1 220 S CHLAMYDIA AND PLATELET AGGREGA?
L2 0 S L1 AND CHAMYDIA PNEUM? AND KETOLIDE
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L5 70 S L1 AND CHLAMYDIA PNEUM?
L6 57 S L5 AND ATHEROSCLEROS?
L7 0 S L6 AND KETOLI
L8 5 S L6 AND KETOL?

=> dup rem l6

PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L6

L9 47 DUP REM L6 (10 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> s l9 and 1997/pn

'PN' IS NOT A VALID FIELD CODE

L10 0 L9 AND 1997/PN

=> s l9 and 1997/py

L11 0 L9 AND 1997/PY

=> s l9 and chlamydia (4a) platelet

L12 1 L9 AND CHLAMYDIA (4A) PLATELET

=> d l12 bib abs

L12 ANSWER 1 OF 1 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2006 The Thomson Corporation on STN

AN 2003:571507 BIOSIS

DN PREV200300575234

TI Chlamydia pneumoniae binds to platelets and triggers
P-selectin expression and aggregation: A causal role in cardiovascular
disease?.

AU Kalvegren, Hanna [Reprint Author]; Majeed, Meytham; Bengtsson, Torbjorn

CS Division of Medical Microbiology, Department of Molecular and Clinical
Medicine, Faculty of Health Sciences, Linkoping University, SE-581 85,
Linkoping, Sweden
hanjo@imk.liu.se

SO Arteriosclerosis Thrombosis and Vascular Biology, (September 2003) Vol.
23, No. 9, pp. 1677-1683. print.

ISSN: 1079-5642 (ISSN print).

DT Article

LA English

ED Entered STN: 10 Dec 2003

Last Updated on STN: 10 Dec 2003

AB Objective-Evidence linking Chlamydia pneumoniae to
atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease is expanding. Platelets are
considered to play an essential role in cardiovascular diseases; however,
so far platelets have not been associated with an infectious cause of
atherosclerosis. This study aims to clarify the interaction
between C pneumoniae and platelets and possibly present a novel mechanism
in the pathogenesis of atherosclerosis. Methods and Results-The
effects of C pneumoniae on platelet aggregation and
secretion were assessed with lumiaggregometry, and the ability of C
pneumoniae to bind to platelets and stimulate expression of P-selectin was
analyzed with flow cytometry. We found that C pneumoniae, at a
chlamydia:platelet ratio of 1:15, adheres to platelets
and triggers P-selectin expression after 1 minute and causes an extensive
aggregation and ATP secretion after 20 minutes of incubation. Inhibition
of glycoprotein IIb/IIIa with Arg-Gly-Asp-Ser or abciximab markedly
reduced C pneumoniae-induced platelet aggregation.
Exposure of C pneumoniae to polymyxin B, but not elevated temperature,
abolished the stimulatory effects on platelet activation, suggesting that
chlamydial lipopolysaccharide has an active role. In contrast, other
tested bacteria had no or only moderate effects on platelet functions.

Conclusion-Our findings demonstrate a new concept of how C pneumoniae activates platelets and thereby may cause atherosclerosis and thrombotic vascular occlusion.

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L2      0 S L1 AND CHAMYDIA PNEUM? AND KETOLIDE
L3      0 S L1 AND CHAMYDIA PNEUM?
L4      0 S L1 AND CHLAMYDIA PNEUM? AND KETOLID
L5      70 S L1 AND CHLAMYDIA PNEUM?
L6      57 S L5 AND ATHEROSCLEROS?
L7      0 S L6 AND KETOLI
L8      5 S L6 AND KETOL?
L9      47 DUP REM L6 (10 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L10     0 S L9 AND 1997/PN
L11     0 S L9 AND 1997/PY
L12     1 S L9 AND CHLAMYDIA (4A) PLATELET
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=> s 19 and 1997/pd

4 FILES SEARCHED...

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L13     0 L9 AND 1997/PD
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